

5.1 Zadaci

Ispitati svojstva strukture (75 - 94).

Zadatak 75 $(Z, *)$, gde je Z skup celih brojeva i $x * y := x + y + 2$.

Zadatak 76 $(R, *)$, gde je R skup realnih brojeva i $x * y := x + y + xy$.

Zadatak 77 (Q, \circ) , gde je Q skup racionalnih brojeva i $x \circ y := x + 2y$.

Zadatak 78 (R, \circ) , gde je R skup realnih brojeva i $x \circ y := 2x + 2y$.

Zadatak 79 (R, \circ) , gde je R skup realnih brojeva i $x \circ y := 1 - (x + y) + 2xy$.

Zadatak 80 $(Q^+, *)$, gde je Q^+ skup pozitivnih racionalnih brojeva i $x * y := \frac{xy}{x + y}$.

Zadatak 81 $(R^+, *)$, gde je R^+ skup pozitivnih realnih brojeva i $x * y := x^2 y^2$.

Zadatak 82 (G, \cdot) , gde je $G = \{x + y\sqrt{5} \mid x^2 - 5y^2 = 1; x, y \in Q\}$, a „ \cdot ” množenje realnih brojeva.

Zadatak 83 $(G, *)$, gde je $G = \{x \mid -1 < x < 1, x \in R\}$ i $x * y := \frac{x + y}{1 + xy}$.

Zadatak 84 $(R \setminus \{0\}, *)$, gde je R skup realnih brojeva i $x * y := \frac{xy}{2}$.

Zadatak 85 $(S, *)$, gde je $S = \{(a, b) \mid a, b \in Q, a \neq 0\}$ i

$$(a, b) * (c, d) := (ac, bc + c + d).$$

Zadatak 86 (S, \cdot) , gde je $S = \left\{ \frac{1 + 2m}{1 + 2n} \mid m, n \in Z \right\}$ i „ \cdot ” množenje racionalnih brojeva.

Zadatak 87 (S, \circ) , gde je $S = \{f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4\}$ i „ \circ ” je množenje preslikavanja. Funkcije f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4 preslikavaju skup $R \setminus \{0\}$ u skup $R \setminus \{0\}$ i pri tome je:

$$f_1(x) = x, \quad f_2(x) = -x, \quad f_3(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad i \quad f_4(x) = -\frac{1}{x}.$$

Zadatak 88 $(\{a, b\}, *)$ i operacija $*$ je data tablicom

$*$	a	b
a	a	b
b	b	a

Zadatak 89 $(\{\top, \perp\}, \wedge)$

Zadatak 90 $(\{\top, \perp\}, \vee)$

Zadatak 91 $(Z \times Q, *)$, gde su Z i Q skupovi celih, odnosno racionalnih brojeva i

$$(x, y) * (u, v) := (x + u, 2^u y + v).$$

Zadatak 92 (S, \cdot) , gde je $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 2b \\ b & a \end{bmatrix} \mid a, b \in Q; a + b\sqrt{2} > 0 \right\}$ i „ \cdot ” množenje matrica.

Zadatak 93 $(Z, *, \circ)$, gde je Z skup celih brojeva ,

$$x * y := x + y + 1 \quad i \quad x \circ y := xy + x + y.$$

Zadatak 94 $(S, +, \cdot)$, gde je $S = \{x + y\sqrt{2} \mid x, y \in Z\}$, i „ $+$ ” i „ \cdot ” sabiranje, odnosno množenje realnih brojeva.

5.2 Rešenja

U zadacima (75 – 92) ispituju se sledeća svojstva algebarskih struktura:

- 1° grupoidnost,
- 2° asocijativnost,
- 3° postojanje neutralnog elementa,
- 4° postojanje inverznog elementa,
- 5° komutativnost.

Rešenje 75

$$1^\circ \quad x \in Z \wedge y \in Z \implies x + y + 2 \in Z$$

$$2^\circ \quad \begin{aligned} (x * y) * z &= (x + y + 2) * z = (x + y + 2) + z + 2 = x + y + z + 4 \\ x * (y * z) &= x * (y + z + 2) = x + (y + z + 2) + 2 = x + y + z + 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$3^\circ \quad \begin{aligned} x * e &= e * x = x \\ x + e + 2 &= e + x + 2 = x, \quad e = -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$4^\circ \quad \begin{aligned} x * x' &= x' * x = -2 \\ x + x' + 2 &= x' + x + 2 = -2, \quad x' = -x - 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$5^\circ \quad \begin{aligned} x * y &= y * x \\ x + y + 2 &= y + x + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$(Z, *)$ je komutativna grupa.

Rešenje 76

$$1^\circ \quad x \in R \wedge y \in R \implies x + y + xy \in R$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^\circ \quad (x * y) * z &= (x + y + xy) * z = (x + y + xy) + z + (x + y + xy)z \\ &= x + y + z + xy + xz + yz + xyz \\ x * (y * z) &= x * (y + z + yz) = x + (y + z + yz) + x(y + z + yz) \\ &= x + y + z + xy + xz + yz + xyz \end{aligned}$$

$$3^\circ \quad x * e = e * x = x, \quad x + e + xe = e + x + ex = x, \quad e(1 + x) = 0, \quad e = 0$$

$$4^\circ \quad x * x' = x' * x = 0, \quad x + x' + xx' = x' + x + x'x = 0, \quad (1 + x)x' = -x, \\ x' = -\frac{x}{1 + x}, \quad x \neq -1$$

$$5^\circ \quad x * y = y * x, \quad x + y + xy = y + x + yx$$

$(R, *)$ nije grupa jer za element -1 ne postoji inverzni element.

$(R, *)$ je komutativna polugrupa sa neutralnim elementom.

Rešenje 77

$$1^\circ \quad x \in Q \wedge y \in Q \implies x + 2y \in Q$$

$$2^\circ \quad (x \circ y) \circ z = (x + 2y) \circ z = (x + 2y) + 2z = x + 2y + 2z \\ x \circ (y \circ z) = x \circ (y + 2z) = x + 2(y + 2z) = x + 2y + 4z$$

$$3^\circ \quad x \circ e = x, \quad x + 2e = x, \quad e = 0 \\ 0 \circ x = 0 + 2x = 2x$$

4° Pošto ne postoji neutralni element, nema smisla ispitivati egzistenciju inverznih elemenata.

$$5^\circ \quad x \circ y = x + 2y, \quad y \circ x = y + 2x$$

(Q, \circ) je grupoid.

Rešenje 78

$$1^\circ \quad x \in R \wedge y \in R \implies 2x + 2y \in R$$

$$2^\circ \quad (x \circ y) \circ z = (2x + 2y) \circ z = 2(2x + 2y) + 2z = 4x + 4y + 2z \\ x \circ (y \circ z) = x \circ (2y + 2z) = 2x + 2(2y + 2z) = 2x + 4y + 4z$$

$$3^\circ \quad x \circ e = e \circ x \neq x \\ 2x + 2e = 2e + 2x \neq x$$

4° Ne postoji inverzni element.

$$5^\circ \quad x \circ y = 2x + 2y \\ y \circ x = 2y + 2x = 2x + 2y$$

(R, \circ) je komutativan grupoid.

Rešenje 79

$$1^\circ \quad x \in R \wedge y \in R \implies 1 - (x + y) + 2xy \in R$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^\circ \quad (x \circ y) \circ z &= (1 - x - y + 2xy) \circ z \\ &= 1 - (1 - x - y + 2xy) - z + 2(1 - x - y + 2xy)z \\ &= x + y + z - 2xy - 2xz - 2yz + 4xyz \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x \circ (y \circ z) &= x \circ (1 - y - z + 2yz) \\ &= 1 - x - (1 - y - z + 2yz) + 2x(1 - y - z + 2yz) \\ &= x + y + z - 2xy - 2xz - 2yz + 4xyz \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3^\circ \quad x \circ e &= e \circ x = x \\ 1 - x - e + 2xe &= 1 - e - x + 2ex = x \\ 1 - 2x - e + 2xe &= 0, (1 - 2x)(1 - e) = 0, e = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4^\circ \quad x \circ x' &= x' \circ x = 1, 1 - x - x' + 2xx' = 1 - x' - x + 2x'x = 1, (2x - 1)x' = x, \\ x' &= \frac{x}{2x - 1}, x \neq \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$5^\circ \quad x \circ y = 1 - x - y + 2xy, y \circ x = 1 - y - x + 2yx = 1 - x - y + 2xy$$

(R, \circ) je komutativna polugrupa sa jedinicom.

Rešenje 80

$$1^\circ \quad x \in Q^+ \wedge y \in Q^+ \implies \frac{xy}{x + y} \in Q^+$$

$$2^\circ \quad (x * y) * z = \frac{xy}{x + y} * z = \frac{\frac{xy}{x + y} z}{\frac{xy}{x + y} + z} = \frac{xyz}{xy + xz + yz}$$

$$x * (y * z) = x * \frac{yz}{y + z} = \frac{x \frac{yz}{y + z}}{x + \frac{yz}{y + z}} = \frac{xyz}{xy + xz + yz}$$

$$3^\circ \quad x * e = e * x = x, \frac{xe}{x + e} = \frac{ex}{e + x} = x, xe = x^2 + xe, x^2 = 0$$

$(Q^+, *)$ nema neutralni element.

4° $(Q^+, *)$ nema inverzni element.

$$\begin{aligned} 5^\circ \quad x * y &= \frac{xy}{x+y} \\ y * x &= \frac{yx}{y+x} = \frac{xy}{x+y} \end{aligned}$$

$(Q^+, *)$ je komutativna polugrupa.

Rešenje 81

$$1^\circ \quad x \in R^+ \wedge y \in R^+ \implies x^2 y^2 \in R^+$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^\circ \quad (x * y) * z &= (x^2 y^2) * z = (x^2 y^2)^2 z^2 = x^4 y^4 z^2 \\ x * (y * z) &= x * (y^2 z^2) = x^2 (y^2 z^2)^2 = x^2 y^4 z^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3^\circ \quad x * e &= e * x = x, \quad x^2 e^2 = e^2 x^2 = x \\ (R^+, *) &\text{ nema neutralni element.} \end{aligned}$$

4° $(R^+, *)$ nema inverzni element.

$$\begin{aligned} 5^\circ \quad x * y &= x^2 y^2 \\ y * x &= y^2 x^2 = x^2 y^2 \end{aligned}$$

$(R^+, *)$ je komutativan grupoid.

Rešenje 82

1° Ako je $a, b \in G$, onda postoje $x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2 \in Q$ takvi da je

$$a = x_1 + y_1 \sqrt{5}, \quad b = x_2 + y_2 \sqrt{5}, \quad x_1^2 - 5y_1^2 = 1 \text{ i } x_2^2 - 5y_2^2 = 1. \text{ Tada je}$$

$$a \cdot b = (x_1 + y_1 \sqrt{5}) \cdot (x_2 + y_2 \sqrt{5}) = (x_1 x_2 + 5y_1 y_2) + (x_1 y_2 + x_2 y_1) \sqrt{5}.$$

Neposredno je jasno da je $x_1 x_2 + 5y_1 y_2, x_1 y_2 + x_2 y_1 \in Q$. Dalje imamo:

$$\begin{aligned} &(x_1 x_2 + 5y_1 y_2)^2 - 5(x_1 y_2 + x_2 y_1)^2 \\ &= x_1^2 x_2^2 + 10x_1 x_2 y_1 y_2 + 25y_1^2 y_2^2 - 5x_1^2 y_2^2 - 10x_1 x_2 y_1 y_2 - 5x_2^2 y_1^2 \\ &= x_1^2 x_2^2 - 5x_1^2 y_2^2 - 5x_2^2 y_1^2 + 25y_1^2 y_2^2 \\ &= x_1^2 (x_2^2 - 5y_2^2) - 5y_1^2 (x_2^2 - 5y_2^2) \\ &= (x_1^2 - 5y_1^2) \cdot (x_2^2 - 5y_2^2) \\ &= 1. \end{aligned}$$

2° Asociativnost važi jer je u pitanju množenje realnih brojeva.

3° Neutralni element je $e = 1 + 0 \cdot \sqrt{5}$.

4° Neka je $a = x + y\sqrt{5}$. Dokažimo da je $a' = \frac{1}{x + y\sqrt{5}}$ inverzni element elementa a .

$$a' = \frac{1}{x + y\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{x - y\sqrt{5}}{x - y\sqrt{5}} = \frac{x - y\sqrt{5}}{x^2 - 5y^2} = \frac{x - y\sqrt{5}}{1} = x - y\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 5(-y)^2 = x^2 - 5y^2 = 1.$$

5° Komutativnost važi jer je u pitanju množenje realnih brojeva.

(G, \cdot) je komutativna grupa

Rešenje 83

$$1^\circ \quad x * y = \frac{x + y}{1 + xy}$$

$$(1 - x^2)(1 - y^2) > 0$$

$$1 - x^2 - y^2 + x^2y^2 > 0$$

$$1 + 2xy + x^2y^2 > x^2 + 2xy + y^2$$

$$(1 + xy)^2 > (x + y)^2$$

$$\frac{(x + y)^2}{(1 + xy)^2} < 1, \quad 1 + xy > 0$$

$$\left| \frac{x + y}{1 + xy} \right| < 1$$

$$-1 < \frac{x + y}{1 + xy} < 1.$$

$$2^\circ \quad (x * y) * z = \frac{x + y}{1 + xy} * z = \frac{\frac{x + y}{1 + xy} + z}{1 + \frac{x + y}{1 + xy} \cdot z} = \frac{x + y + z + xyz}{1 + xy + xz + yz}$$

$$x * (y * z) = x * \frac{y + z}{1 + yz} = \frac{x + \frac{y + z}{1 + yz}}{1 + x \frac{y + z}{1 + yz}} = \frac{x + y + z + xyz}{1 + xy + xz + yz}.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3^\circ \quad & x * e = e * x = x, \\
& \frac{x + e}{1 + xe} = \frac{e + x}{1 + ex} = x, \\
& e(1 - x^2) = 0, \quad e = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
4^\circ \quad & x * x' = x' * x = 0 \\
& \frac{x + x'}{1 + xx'} = \frac{x' + x}{1 + x'x} = 0, \quad x' = -x
\end{aligned}$$

$$5^\circ \quad x * y = \frac{x + y}{1 + xy} = \frac{y + x}{1 + yx} = y * x.$$

$(G, *)$ je komutativna grupa.

Rešenje 84

$$1^\circ \quad x, y \in R \setminus \{0\} \implies \frac{xy}{2} \in R \setminus \{0\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
2^\circ \quad & (x * y) * z = \left(\frac{xy}{2}\right) * z = \frac{\frac{xy}{2}z}{2} = \frac{xyz}{4} \\
& x * (y * z) = x * \left(\frac{yz}{2}\right) = \frac{x\frac{yz}{2}}{2} = \frac{xyz}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3^\circ \quad & x * e = e * x = x, \\
& \frac{xe}{2} = \frac{ex}{2} = x, \quad e = 2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
4^\circ \quad & x * x' = x' * x = 2 \\
& \frac{xx'}{2} = \frac{x'x}{2} = 2, \quad x' = \frac{4}{x}
\end{aligned}$$

$$5^\circ \quad x * y = \frac{xy}{2} = \frac{yx}{2} = y * x.$$

$(R \setminus \{0\}, *)$ je komutativna grupa.

Rešenje 85

$$1^\circ \quad (a, b) \in S \wedge (c, d) \in S \implies (ac, bc + c + d) \in S$$

$$\begin{aligned}
2^\circ \quad & ((a, b) * (c, d)) * (e, f) = (ac, bc + c + d) * (e, f) \\
& = (ace, bce + ce + de + e + f) \\
& (a, b) * ((c, d) * (e, f)) = (a, b) * (ce, de + e + f) \\
& = (ace, bce + ce + de + e + f)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3^\circ \quad & (a, b) * (e_1, e_2) = (e_1, e_2) * (a, b) = (a, b) \\
& (ae_1, be_1 + e_1 + e_2) = (e_1a, e_2a + a + b) = (a, b) \\
& ae_1 = e_1a = a, \quad e_1 = 1 \\
& be_1 + e_1 + e_2 = e_2a + a + b = b \\
& b + 1 + e_2 = e_2a + a + b = b, \quad e_2 = -1 \\
& (1, -1) \text{ je neutralni element za operaciju } *.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
4^\circ \quad & (a, b) * (a', b') = (a', b') * (a, b) = (1, -1) \\
& (aa', ba' + a' + b') = (a'a, b'a + a + b) = (1, -1) \\
& aa' = a'a = 1, \quad a' = \frac{1}{a} \\
& ba' + a' + b' = b'a + a + b = -1 \\
& b\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{a} + b' = b'a + a + b = -1, \quad b' = -\frac{a+b+1}{a} \\
& \left(\frac{1}{a}, -\frac{a+b+1}{a}\right) \text{ je inverzni element za } (a, b).
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
5^\circ \quad & (a, b) * (c, d) = (ac, bc + c + d) \\
& (c, d) * (a, b) = (ca, da + a + b)
\end{aligned}$$

$(S, *)$ je nekomutativna grupa.

Rešenje 86

$$\begin{aligned}
1^\circ \quad & x = \frac{1+2m_1}{1+2n_1}, \quad y = \frac{1+2m_2}{1+2n_2} \\
& x \cdot y = \frac{1+2m_1}{1+2n_1} \cdot \frac{1+2m_2}{1+2n_2} = \frac{1+2(m_1+m_2+2m_1m_2)}{1+2(n_1+n_2+2n_1n_2)} \in S
\end{aligned}$$

2° Asocijativnost važi jer je u pitanju množenje racionalnih brojeva.

$$3^\circ \quad e = 1 = \frac{1+2 \cdot 0}{1+2 \cdot 0}$$

$$4^\circ \quad x = \frac{1+2 \cdot m}{1+2 \cdot n}, \quad x' = \frac{1+2 \cdot n}{1+2 \cdot m}$$

5° Komutativnost važi jer je u pitanju množenje racionalnih brojeva.

(S, \cdot) je komutativna grupa.

Rešenje 87

1°

\circ	f_1	f_2	f_3	f_4
f_1	f_1	f_2	f_3	f_4
f_2	f_2	f_1	f_4	f_3
f_3	f_3	f_4	f_1	f_2
f_4	f_4	f_3	f_2	f_1

2° Asocijativnost važi jer je u pitanju množenje preslikavanja.

3° $e = f_1$

4° $f'_1 = f_1, f'_2 = f_2, f'_3 = f_3, f'_4 = f_4$

5° Iz tablice neposredno sledi komutativnost operacije \circ .

(S, \circ) je komutativna grupa.

Rešenje 88

1° $x, y \in \{a, b\} \implies x * y \in \{a, b\}$.

2°

x	y	z	$x * y$	$y * z$	$(x * y) * z$	$x * (y * z)$
a	a	a	a	a	a	a
a	a	b	a	b	b	b
a	b	a	b	b	b	b
a	b	b	b	a	a	a
b	a	a	b	a	b	b
b	a	b	b	b	a	a
b	b	a	a	b	a	a
b	b	b	a	a	b	b

3° $e = a$

4° $a' = a, b' = b$

5°

x	y	$x * y$	$y * x$
a	a	a	a
a	b	b	b
b	a	b	b
b	b	a	a

$(\{a, b\}, *)$ je komutativna grupa.

Rešenje 89

$$1^\circ \quad x, y \in \{\top, \perp\} \implies x \wedge y \in \{\top, \perp\}.$$

x	y	z	$x \wedge y$	$y \wedge z$	$(x \wedge y) \wedge z$	$x \wedge (y \wedge z)$
\top	\top	\top	\top	\top	\top	\top
\top	\top	\perp	\top	\perp	\perp	\perp
\top	\perp	\top	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp
\top	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp
\perp	\top	\top	\perp	\top	\perp	\perp
\perp	\top	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp
\perp	\perp	\top	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp
\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp

$$3^\circ \quad e = \top$$

$$x \wedge \top = \top \wedge x = x$$

$$x = x = x$$

$$4^\circ \quad x' \wedge \perp = \perp \wedge x' = \perp \neq \top$$

Element $x = \perp$ nema inverzni element.

x	y	$x \wedge y$	$y \wedge x$
\top	\top	\top	\top
\top	\perp	\perp	\perp
\perp	\top	\perp	\perp
\perp	\perp	\perp	\perp

$(\{\top, \perp\}, \wedge)$ je komutativna polugrupa sa jedinicom.

Rešenje 90 $(\{\top, \perp\}, \vee)$ je komutativna polugrupa sa jedinicom.

Rešenje 91

$$1^\circ \quad (x, y), (u, v) \in Z \times Q \implies (x + u, 2^u y + v) \in Z \times Q$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2^\circ \quad ((a, b) * (c, d)) * (e, f) &= (a + c, 2^c b + d) * (e, f) \\
 &= (a + c + e, 2^e(2^c b + d) + f)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (a + c + e, 2^{e+c}b + 2^e d + f) \\
(a, b) * ((c, d) * (e, f)) &= (a, b) * (c + e, 2^e d + f) \\
&= (a + c + e, 2^{c+e}b + 2^e d + f)
\end{aligned}$$

$$3^\circ \quad (e_1, e_2) = (0, 0), \quad (x, y) * (0, 0) = (0, 0) * (x, y) = (x, y)$$

$$4^\circ \quad (x, y)' = (-x, -2^{-x}y)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
5^\circ \quad (x, y) * (u, v) &= (x + u, 2^u y + v) \\
(u, v) * (x, y) &= (u + x, 2^x v + y)
\end{aligned}$$

$(Z \times Q, *)$ je grupa.

Rešenje 92

$$1^\circ \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & 2b_1 \\ b_1 & a_1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} a_2 & 2b_2 \\ b_2 & a_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad a_1 + b_1\sqrt{2} > 0, \quad a_2 + b_2\sqrt{2} > 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
x \cdot y &= \begin{bmatrix} a_1 a_2 + 2b_1 b_2 & 2a_1 b_2 + 2a_2 b_1 \\ a_2 b_1 + a_1 b_2 & 2b_1 b_2 + a_1 a_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 a_2 + 2b_1 b_2 & 2(a_1 b_2 + a_2 b_1) \\ a_1 b_2 + a_2 b_1 & a_1 a_2 + 2b_1 b_2 \end{bmatrix} \\
a_1 a_2 + 2b_1 b_2 + (a_1 b_2 + a_2 b_1)\sqrt{2} &= a_1(a_2 + b_2\sqrt{2}) + b_1\sqrt{2}(a_2 + b_2\sqrt{2}) \\
&= (a_1 + b_1\sqrt{2})(a_2 + b_2\sqrt{2}) > 0
\end{aligned}$$

2° Množenje matrica je asociativno.

$$3^\circ \quad e = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \cdot 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \in S, \quad 1 + 0\sqrt{2} = 1 > 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
4^\circ \quad x &= \begin{bmatrix} a & 2b \\ b & a \end{bmatrix}, \quad x' = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a}{a^2 - 2b^2} & \frac{-2b}{a^2 - 2b^2} \\ \frac{-b}{a^2 - 2b^2} & \frac{a}{a^2 - 2b^2} \end{bmatrix} \\
\frac{a}{a^2 - 2b^2} + \frac{-b}{a^2 - 2b^2}\sqrt{2} &= \frac{a - b\sqrt{2}}{(a - b\sqrt{2})(a + b\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{2}} > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
5^\circ \quad \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & 2b_1 \\ b_1 & a_1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} a_2 & 2b_2 \\ b_2 & a_2 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} a_1 a_2 + 2b_1 b_2 & 2a_1 b_2 + 2a_2 b_1 \\ a_2 b_1 + a_1 b_2 & 2b_1 b_2 + a_1 a_2 \end{bmatrix} \\
\begin{bmatrix} a_2 & 2b_2 \\ b_2 & a_2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & 2b_1 \\ b_1 & a_1 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} a_1 a_2 + 2b_1 b_2 & 2a_2 b_1 + 2a_1 b_2 \\ a_1 b_2 + a_2 b_1 & 2b_1 b_2 + a_1 a_2 \end{bmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

(S, \cdot) je komutativna grupa.

U zadacima (93 – 94) ispituju se svojstva algebarskih struktura sa dve operacije i to:

- 1) U tačkama ($1^\circ - 5^\circ$) svojstva prve operacije redom: grupoidnost, asocijativnost, postojanje neutralnog elementa, postojanje inverznog elementa i komutativnost.
- 2) U tački 6° se ispituje distributivnost druge operacije prema prvoj.
- 3) U tačkama ($7^\circ - 11^\circ$) se ispituju svojstva druge operacije istim redom kao svojstva prve operacije u tačkama ($1^\circ - 5^\circ$).

Rešenje 93

$$1^\circ \quad x \in Z \wedge y \in Z \implies x + y + 1 \in Z$$

$$2^\circ \quad (x * y) * z = (x + y + 1) * z = x + y + z + 2 \\ x * (y * z) = x * (y + z + 1) = x + y + z + 2$$

$$3^\circ \quad x * e = e * x = x \\ x + e + 1 = e + x + 1 = x, \quad e = -1$$

$$4^\circ \quad x * x' = x' * x = -1 \\ x + x' + 1 = x' + x + 1 = -1, \quad x' = -x - 2$$

$$5^\circ \quad x * y = x + y + 1 = y + x + 1 = y * x$$

$$6^\circ \quad x \in Z \wedge y \in Z \implies xy + x + y \in Z$$

$$7^\circ \quad (x \circ y) \circ z = (xy + x + y) \circ z = (xy + x + y)z + (xy + x + y) + z \\ = x + y + z + xy + xz + yz + xyz \\ x \circ (y \circ z) = x \circ (yz + y + z) = x(yz + y + z) + x + (yz + y + z) \\ = x + y + z + xy + xz + yz + xyz$$

$$8^\circ \quad x \circ e' = e' \circ x = x \\ xe' + x + e' = e'x + e' + x = x \\ (x + 1)e' = 0, \quad e' = 0$$

$$9^\circ \quad x \neq -1$$

$$x \circ x' = x' \circ x = 0$$

$$xx' + x + x' = x'x + x' + x = 0$$

$$(x+1)x' = -x, \quad x' = -\frac{x}{x+1}$$

$$10^\circ \quad x \circ y = xy + x + y = yx + y + x = y \circ x$$

$$11^\circ \quad x \circ (y * z) = x \circ (y + z + 1) = x(y + z + 1) + x + (y + z + 1)$$

$$= 2x + y + z + 1 + xy + xz$$

$$(x \circ y) * (x \circ z) = (xy + x + y) * (xz + x + z)$$

$$= xy + x + y + xz + x + z + 1$$

$$= 2x + y + z + 1 + xy + xz$$

$(Z, *, \circ)$ je polje.

Rešenje 94

$$1^\circ \quad a = x_1 + y_1\sqrt{2}, \quad b = x_2 + y_2\sqrt{2}$$

$$a + b = (x_1 + x_2) + (y_1 + y_2)\sqrt{2} \in S$$

2° Sabiranje je asocijativno.

$$3^\circ \quad e = 0 = 0 + 0\sqrt{2}$$

$$4^\circ \quad a = x + y\sqrt{2}, \quad a' = -x - y\sqrt{2}$$

5° Sabiranje je komutativno.

$$6^\circ \quad a = x_1 + y_1\sqrt{2}, \quad b = x_2 + y_2\sqrt{2}$$

$$a \cdot b = (x_1x_2 + 2y_1y_2) + (x_1y_2 + x_2y_1)\sqrt{2} \in S$$

7° Množenje je asocijativno.

$$8^\circ \quad e' = 1 = 1 + 0\sqrt{2}$$

$$9^\circ \quad a = 0 + 1\sqrt{2} \in S, \quad a' = \frac{1}{0 + 1\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} \notin S$$

10° Množenje je komutativno.

11° Množenje je distributivno prema sabiranju.