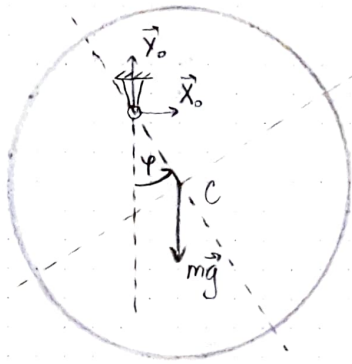
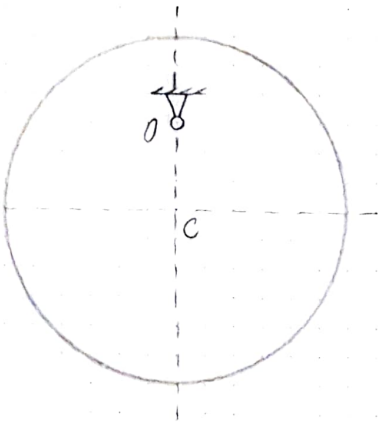


8.22. r $\frac{r}{2}$ g C

Одредити период малих осцилација диска.



$$(1) \frac{d\omega_{Oz}}{dt} = \sum H_{Oz}(\vec{F}_i)$$

$$\curvearrowright H_{Oz}(m\vec{g}) = -mg \frac{r}{2} \sin \varphi = -\frac{1}{2} mgr \sin \varphi \quad (2)$$

$$\curvearrowright H_{Oz}(\vec{X}_0) = H_{Oz}(\vec{Y}_0) = 0$$

$$(3) \alpha_{Oz} = \gamma_{Oz} \dot{\varphi}$$

$$(4) \gamma_{Oz} = \gamma_{Cz} + m \left(\frac{r}{2} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{2} mr^2 + \frac{1}{4} mr^2 = \frac{3}{4} mr^2$$

$$(4) \rightarrow (3) \Rightarrow \alpha_{Oz} = \frac{3}{4} mr^2 \dot{\varphi}$$

$$(5) \frac{d\omega_{Oz}}{dt} = \frac{3}{4} mr^2 \ddot{\varphi}$$

$$(2), (5) \rightarrow (1) \Rightarrow \frac{3}{4} mr^2 \ddot{\varphi} = -\frac{1}{2} mgr \sin \varphi \quad / : \frac{3}{4} mr^2$$

$$\ddot{\varphi} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{g}{r} \sin \varphi = 0$$

$\sin \varphi \approx \varphi \Rightarrow$ МАЛИЕ ОСЦИЛАЦИЈЕ

$$\ddot{\varphi} + \underbrace{\frac{2}{3} \frac{g}{r}}_{\omega^2} \varphi = 0$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3} \frac{g}{r}}$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{3r}{2g}} = \pi \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot 3r}{2g}}$$

$$\underline{T = \pi \sqrt{\frac{6r}{g}}}$$